How to Create Brave and Safer Spaces in an Anxious World

PLEASE SILENCE ALL PHONES AND DEVICES

Mohammed Soriano-Bilal, MBA (he/him)

Director

Diversity, Equity, Inclusion & Belonging
Stanford University HR

LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Text the zipcode of the town or city where you live to 907-312-5085

A long time ago this land belonged to our fathers, but when I go up to the river I see camps of soldiers on its banks. These soldiers cut down my timber, they kill my buffalo and when I see that, my heart feels like bursting.

- Chief Set-Tainte, Kiowa Nation

Sally Dickson

Associate Vice Provost

Stanford University



Dereca Blackmon, Founder Inclusion Design Group



KEY EXPLORATIONS

Learn how to set the stage for essential conversations

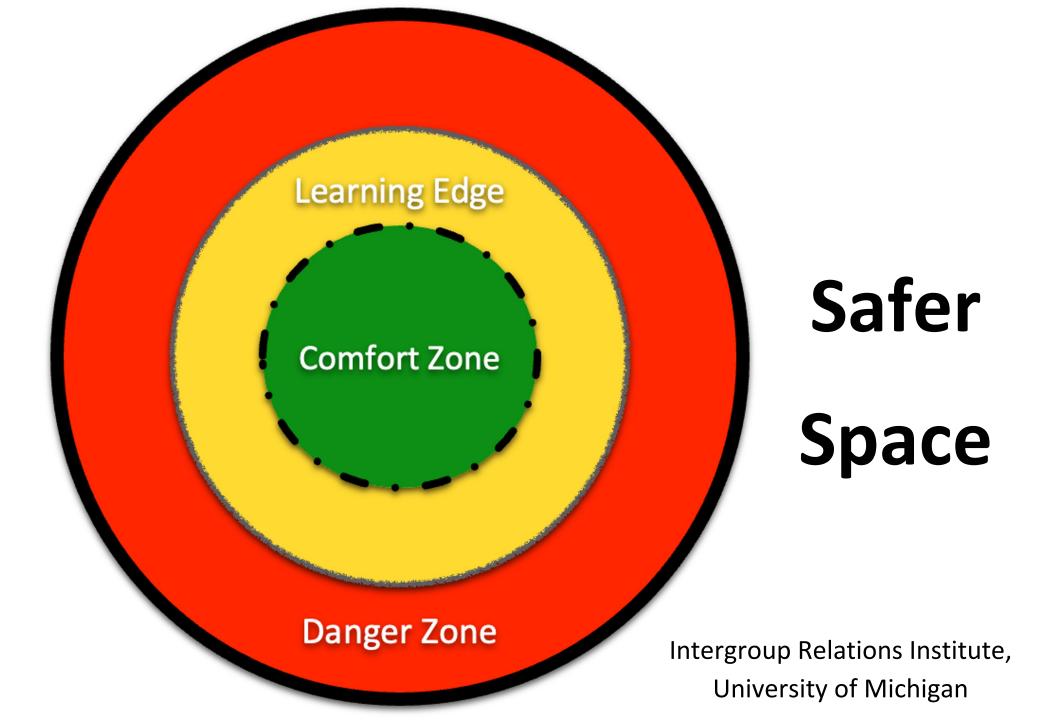
Share practices toward self reflection and trust-building

Gain tools for when tensions arise during dialogues

GROUP EXPECTATIONS

- Take space, make space
- Challenge ideas, don't attack people
- What learned, what leaves
- Extend grace
- Substance over polish
- Lack of closure

Brave Space



WHY KNOWING YOURSELF MATTERS

SOCIAL IDENTITY

A person's sense of who they are based on group membership.

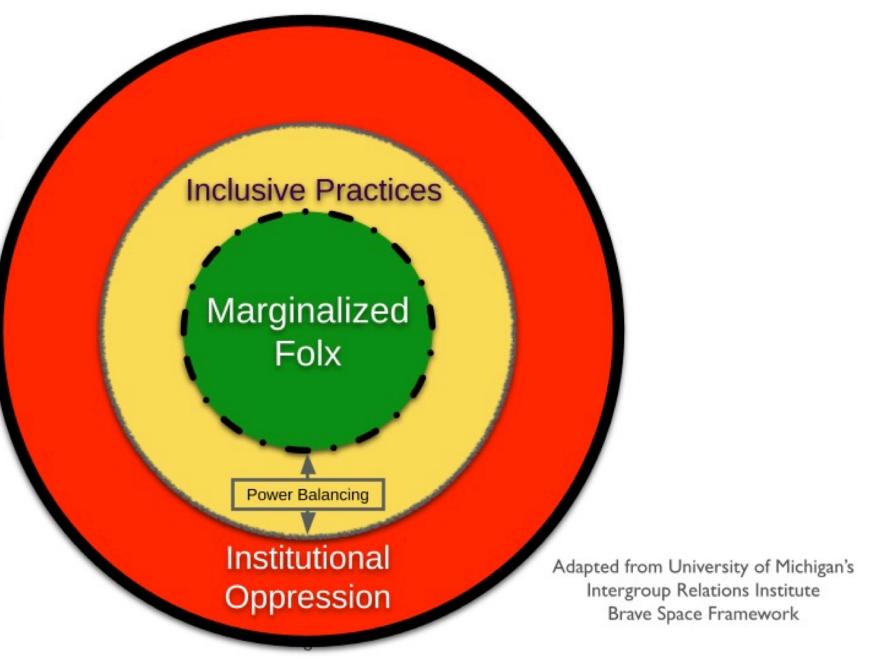
Immigration Status	Race	Belief	Tribal Affiliation
Ethnicity	Disability	Nationality	Marital Status
Politics	Socioeconomic Status	Citizenship	Parenting Status
Religion	Language	Education	Profession
Body Size/Type	Gender	Sexual Orientation	Age

Who are you?

WHY KNOWING YOURSELF MATTERS

- How do I impact the space?
- What are my hot buttons and triggers?
- How might I be perpetuating systems of oppression?

Centering Marginalized Voices



MULTI-PARTIALITY

Multi-partiality, as opposed to impartiality, is a practice in intergroup dialogue facilitation that focuses on balancing social power, independent of and in contrast to dominant norms in society.

BUILDING TRUST WITH STUDENTS

- Sharing your story
- Modeling transparency and vulnerability
- Setting group expectations
- Practicing Cultural Humility

CULTURAL HUMILITY

- Commitment and engagement in the lifelong learning process of staying humble and curious about cultural differences.
- Separating intent from impact
- Accountability



Dr. Melanie Tervalon

WHAT TO DO WHEN TENSION ARISES

- Read the room/check the temperature
- Listen and hold space
- Speak from the "I"
- Redirect energy

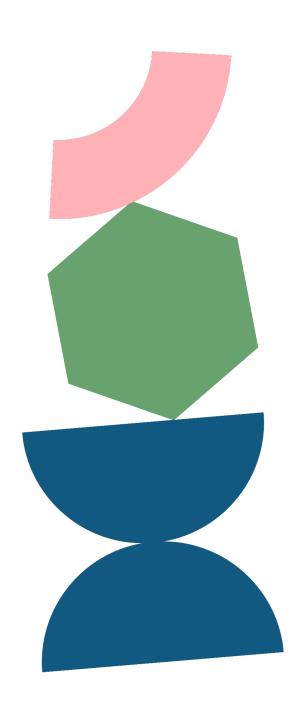








Unprecedented Pace of Change



Breaking

THREAT - can create a deep fear of other groups, making it easier to accept false stories of "us vs. them."

Bridging

OPPORTUNITY - calls on us to imagine and works together toward a larger, more inclusive "we."



Othering



Belonging is...

Shared Identity

Shared Destiny

Sense of Interdependence

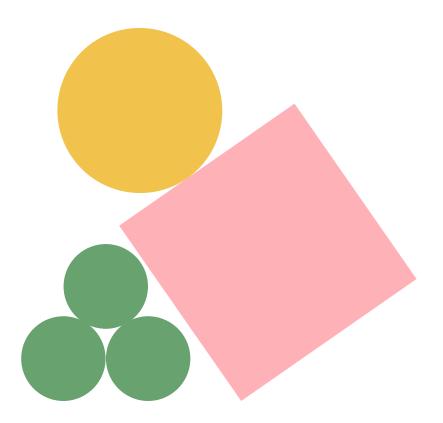


Shared Values

Ability to be Oneself



Belonging Practices



- Reject the "us vs them" narrative
 seek out the new "us",
 personally and institutionally
- Avoid silencing, tribalism, and othering
- Develop and support the psychological safety of marginalized students/colleagues
- Practice your self-reflection and accountability in public, breaking/bridging, iterate
- Increase intergroup awareness and contact

Adapted from the Othering & Belonging Institute, UC Berkeley

ÀSHE!

mo@mospeaks.com

@learnthinkact

Resources

